

Operating manual Analogue refractometer

KERN ORA 1 WA/WB Wine
 ORA 3 WA/WB Wine
 ORA 7 WA/WB Wine
 ORA 1 AB / 2 AB Alcohol



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KERN & Sohn GmbH

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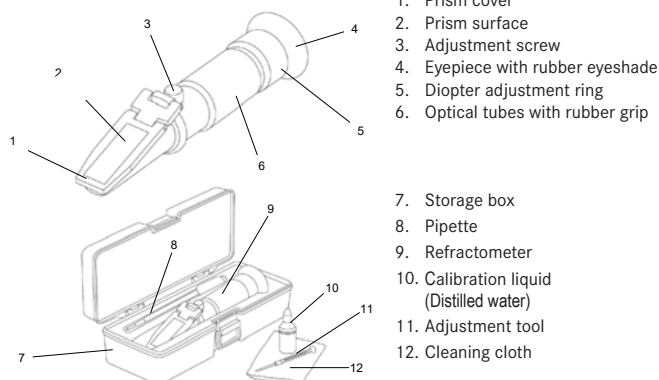
1. Technical data

Models KERN	Measuring range and Scales	Scale graduations Accuracy	Dimensions Product	Net weight
ORA 1WA/WB	0-140°Oe 0-25°KMW (Babo) 0-32% Brix	1°Oe 0,25°KMW (Babo) 0,2% Brix	178x40x40mm	0,145kg
ORA 3WA/WB	30-140°Oe 0-32% Brix	1°Oe 0,2% Brix	178x40x40mm	0,145kg
ORA 7WA/WB	0-32% Brix 30-140°Oe 0-25°KMW (Babo)	0,2% Brix 1°Oe 0,2°KMW (Babo)	178x40x40mm	0,145kg
ORA 1AB (Volume) ORA 2AB (Mass)	0-50 % (v/v) / (w/w) 50-80 % (v/v) / (w/w)	1 % (v/v) / (w/w) 2,5 % (v/v) / (w/w)	198x40x40mm	0,155kg

Example scale on
ORA 1 WB



2. Description



1. Prism cover
2. Prism surface
3. Adjustment screw
4. Eyepiece with rubber eyeshade
5. Diopter adjustment ring
6. Optical tubes with rubber grip
7. Storage box
8. Pipette
9. Refractometer
10. Calibration liquid (Distilled water)
11. Adjustment tool
12. Cleaning cloth

3. General information

3.1 Intended use

The refractometer is a measuring instrument for determining the refractive index of transparent substances in the liquid or the solid state. It is used to observe the behaviour of light as it passes from a prism with known properties to the substance being tested.

Use of the refractometer for other purposes is contrary to its intended use and may be hazardous. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damages caused by improper use.

3.2 Warranty

The warranty shall be void in the event of:

- ▶ Failure to observe the instructions in the operating manual
- ▶ Use for purposes other than those described
- ▶ Modifications or opening the device housing
- ▶ Mechanical damage and/or damage resulting from media, liquids, natural wear and tear

4. Basic safety information

4.1 Follow the instructions in the operating manual



- ▶ Carefully read through the operating manual even if you have prior experience with KERN refractometers.
- ▶ Every language version includes a non-authoritative translation. The original German document is the definitive version.

4.2 Warning

- ▶ Do not let acids come into contact with skin or eyes. If acid comes into contact with skin, flush with copious amounts of water. Shower if larger areas of skin are affected.
- ▶ If acid comes into contact with eyes, keep the eyelid open and flush the eye with running lukewarm water from the outer corner to the inner corner. Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Then consult a doctor or ophthalmologist immediately.
- ▶ Thoroughly clean the refractometer after each use.
- ▶ The refractometer must not be exposed to extreme temperatures, high mechanical stresses, strong direct sunlight or high humidity.
- ▶ This refractometer is not a toy. Keep out of reach of children.
- ▶ Make sure that you will not be hit by anything else while you are using the refractometer, as this could cause serious eye injuries
- ▶ The rubber eyeshade may cause irritation when in prolonged contact with the skin. If this happens, consult your doctor.
- ▶ Do not touch the lenses with your fingers.

5. Supplied items

After unpacking and before using the device for the first time, check that all listed parts have been supplied. Replace damaged or faulty parts immediately and do not put them into operation.

- ▶ Refractometer
- ▶ Storage box
- ▶ Pipette
- ▶ Adjustment tool
- ▶ Cleaning cloth
- ▶ Calibration liquid (Distilled water)

6. Before the first use

Remove the protective film (if present) from the prism surface [2] and check that the rubber eye-cup [4] is fitted correctly.

7. Use/measurement

The refractometer can be used to quickly and accurately determine the refractive index of transparent substances, liquid or solid ones. To ensure correct measurement, the measuring device should be adjusted before measurements are carried out. Please make sure your hands are dry before handling the measuring device.

7.1 Zero point calibration

- ▶ Hold up the refractometer against a sufficiently bright light source and look through the eyepiece [5], holding the rubber eyeshade [4] closely against your eye/glasses.
- ▶ Rotate the eyepiece [5] to adjust it for your eyesight, until you can see the scale sharply.
- ▶ Open the prism cover [1].
- ▶ Thoroughly clean the prism [2] and the underside of the prism cover [1] using a soft cloth or soft paper (with alcohol if necessary) and wipe dry.
- ▶ Now apply a few drops of the calibration liquid [10] onto the prism surface [2].
- ▶ Close the prism cover [1]. The amount of fluid should be sufficient to moisten most of the prism surface. There should not be any air bubbles between the measuring prism [2] and prism cover [1].
- ▶ Wait about 30 seconds to allow the temperatures of the fluid and prism to equalise.
- ▶ Look through the eyepiece [4] while pointing the refractometer's prism surface [2] at a bright light source.
- ▶ Through the eyepiece [4], you will see a bright and a blue field. The boundary line between them shows the measured value on the scale which is also visible through the eyepiece [4].

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- Use the supplied adjustment tool [11] to turn the adjustment screw [3] behind the prism surface [2] (under the rubber cap), and adjust the scale so that the measuring device is optimally set up by moving the boundary line upwards or downwards.
Calibration value ORA 1WA/1WB: 0 % (Brix) / 0 °Oe (Oechsle) / 0 °KMW (KMW Babo)
- Calibration value ORA 3WA/3WB: 0 % (Brix)
- Calibration value ORA 7WA/7WB: 0 % (Brix) / 0 °Oe (Oechsle) / 0 °KMW (KMW Babo)
- Calibration value ORA 1AB / 2AB: 0 % (v/v) / (w/w)
- Repeat step 4 (cleaning).

Important!

The ambient/room temperature and the sample temperature influence the refractometer measuring result. The scales of the refractometer models, which have "WB / AB" in its name, are designed for an ambient temperature of +20 °C! If the measurements are carried out at a temperature other than +20 °C, the results must be correspondingly corrected. A correction table can be found in the annex, Point 14. Refractometer models, which have "WA" in its name, are equipped with an automatic temperature compensation (ATC). Between +10 °C and +30 °C measurement differences due to temperature changes are automatically compensated.



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7.2 Additional advice

It is important that the samples being measured are representative samples. For samples that evaporate easily, measurements should be carried out quickly. The samples should be at the same temperature as the measuring instrument in order to achieve an accurate result.

7.3 Measuring procedure

- ▶ Make sure your hands are dry before handling the refractometer.
- ▶ Open the prism cover [1] and use the supplied pipette [8] to apply a few drops of the sample liquid [8] onto the prism surface [2]. Close the prism cover [1]. Spread the liquid evenly by pressing down on the prism cover [1] and eliminate any air bubbles present.
- ▶ Hold the device horizontally and wait about 30 seconds (for optimal temperature equalisation between the sample and device).
- ▶ View the measurement scale through the eyepiece [4]. Point the prism surface [2] of the refractometer at a bright light source while doing this.
- ▶ Rotate the adjustment ring [5] on the eyepiece [4] to adjust the focus.
- ▶ The boundary line will move on the measurement scale depending on the concentration. This bright/dark boundary line shows the result on the scale.
- ▶ If the temperature deviates from +20 °C and a refractometer without ATC is used, correct the measured result using the corresponding value from the temperature correction table [13].
- ▶ Carefully clean the supplied pipette [8] and the refractometer after carrying out the measurement.

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Important!

After every measurement, use a lint-free, absorbent cloth to remove the fluids from the prism surface [2] and prism cover [1]. Then carefully clean the prism and prism cover using a cloth moistened with water or if necessary alcohol, and dry both parts using a soft, dry and lint-free cloth. Avoid rubbing the prism [2].



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8. Cleaning and maintenance

Clean the refractometer using a soft, lint-free cloth moistened with either water or, if necessary, alcohol. Do not use any aggressive or abrasive cleaning agents. Never immerse the device in water or hold it under running water. Never handle the device with wet or damp hands.

Never touch the measuring prism [2] with hard tools made from plastic, wood, rubber, metal, glass etc. Hard objects can quickly damage the relatively soft prism glass, resulting in measurement errors.

The refractometer is maintenance-free.

Cleaning should be carried out immediately before and after each use of the refractometer to maximise its life and optimise measurement results.

9. Storage

Store the refractometer in a dry, non-corrosive environment, preferably between 10 °C and 30 °C.

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10. Service

After reading this operating manual, if you have any questions about setting up or using the refractometer, or if any unexpected problem occurs, please contact your dealer. The device housing may only be opened by trained service technicians authorised by KERN.

11. Disposal

The packaging consists of environmentally friendly materials which can be disposed of via local recycling facilities.

The device and storage box should be disposed of by the operator in accordance with applicable national or regional regulations at the place of use.

12. Additional information

The product may differ slightly from the illustrations. Avoid exposing the refractometer to direct sunlight. Never bring the refractometer into contact with solvents.

13. Brix to refractive index (nD) conversion table

Data from „ICUMSA“ International Commission for Uniform Methods of Sugar Analysis, at 20 °C and 589 nm wavelength.

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BRIX	Reflexive index		BRIX	Reflexive index		BRIX	Reflexive index	
	%	nd		%	nd		%	nd
0	1.3329	60	30	1.38115	60	1.44193		
1	1.3342	31	31	1.38296	61	1.44240		
2	1.3356	32	32	1.38478	62	1.44650		
3	1.3372	33	33	1.38661	63	1.44881		
4	1.33879	34	34	1.38846	64	1.45113		
5	1.34075	35	35	1.39022	65	1.45348		
6	1.34175	36	36	1.39220	66	1.45584		
7	1.34325	37	37	1.39409	67	1.45822		
8	1.34476	38	38	1.39600	68	1.46061		
9	1.34629	39	39	1.39792	69	1.46303		
10	1.34782	40	40	1.39986	70	1.46546		
11	1.34937	41	41	1.40181	71	1.46792		
12	1.35093	42	42	1.40378	72	1.47037		
13	1.35250	43	43	1.40576	73	1.47285		
14	1.35408	44	44	1.40776	74	1.47535		
15	1.35568	45	45	1.40978	75	1.47787		
16	1.35729	46	46	1.41181	76	1.48040		
17	1.35891	47	47	1.41385	77	1.48295		
18	1.36054	48	48	1.41592	78	1.48552		
19	1.36218	49	49	1.41799	79	1.4881		
20	1.36384	50	50	1.42009	80	1.49071		
21	1.36551	51	51	1.42220	81	1.49333		
22	1.36720	52	52	1.42432	82	1.49597		
23	1.36889	53	53	1.42647	83	1.49862		
24	1.37060	54	54	1.42862	84	1.50129		
25	1.37233	55	55	1.43080	85	1.50398		
26	1.37406	56	56	1.43299	86			
27	1.37582	57	57	1.43520	87			
28	1.37758	58	58	1.43743	88			
29	1.37935	59	59	1.43967	89			

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14. Annex

Table 1: International Temperature Correction Table for °Brix (% sugar gradient)
Correct the result by the following values (refractometer must be correctly adjusted at 20 °C).

Temperature °C	% Brix reading																			
	0.0	5.0	10.0	15.0	20.0	25.0	30.0	35.0	40.0	45.0	50.0	55.0	60.0	65.0	70.0	75.0	80.0	85.0		
10.0	-0.53	-0.58	-0.59	-0.62	-0.65	-0.67	-0.69	-0.71	-0.72	-0.73	-0.74	-0.75	-0.75	-0.75	-0.75	-0.74	-0.73	-0.71	-0.68	
11.0	-0.49	-0.52	-0.53	-0.55	-0.57	-0.58	-0.59	-0.60	-0.61	-0.62	-0.63	-0.64	-0.64	-0.64	-0.63	-0.61	-0.59	-0.56	-0.52	
12.0	-0.44	-0.47	-0.49	-0.51	-0.53	-0.55	-0.56	-0.57	-0.58	-0.59	-0.60	-0.60	-0.61	-0.61	-0.60	-0.60	-0.60	-0.60	-0.59	
13.0	-0.40	-0.41	-0.43	-0.45	-0.47	-0.48	-0.50	-0.51	-0.52	-0.52	-0.53	-0.53	-0.53	-0.53	-0.53	-0.53	-0.52	-0.52	-0.52	
14.0	-0.34	-0.36	-0.38	-0.39	-0.40	-0.42	-0.43	-0.44	-0.44	-0.45	-0.45	-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.45	-0.45	-0.44	-0.43	
15.0	-0.29	-0.31	-0.32	-0.33	-0.34	-0.35	-0.36	-0.37	-0.37	-0.38	-0.38	-0.38	-0.38	-0.38	-0.38	-0.38	-0.37	-0.37	-0.37	
16.0	-0.24	-0.25	-0.26	-0.27	-0.28	-0.29	-0.30	-0.30	-0.30	-0.30	-0.31	-0.31	-0.31	-0.31	-0.31	-0.31	-0.30	-0.30	-0.29	
17.0	-0.18	-0.19	-0.20	-0.20	-0.21	-0.22	-0.22	-0.22	-0.22	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.22	
18.0	-0.12	-0.13	-0.13	-0.14	-0.14	-0.14	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	
19.0	-0.06	-0.06	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.07	
20.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
21.0	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07	
22.0	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	
23.0	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.22	
24.0	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.30	
25.0	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37	
26.0	0.42	0.43	0.44	0.45	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.47	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.45	0.45	
27.0	0.50	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.54	0.55	0.55	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.53	0.52	
28.0	0.58	0.59	0.60	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.64	0.64	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.61	
29.0	0.66	0.67	0.68	0.69	0.70	0.71	0.72	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.72	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.68	
30.0	0.74	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.77	0.77	0.75	

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